Level 6 Curriculum Overview

Learning Objectives

Level 6 Introduction

Level 6 consists of 12 units, each unit containing 12 lessons broken down into learning cycles of 6 classes each. The spelling goals in Level 6 start with spelling homophones correctly in context and move to spelling more advanced words with the -que, -x, -ary, -ery, and -ory patterns. Reading comprehension goals include determining the main idea of a passage, making inferences, and analyzing characters. Grammar skills such as pronoun-antecedent agreement, subordinating/coordinating conjunctions, and indefinite pronouns are studied in Level 6. As with other major course levels, lessons 6 and 12 are assessment lessons. Students are required to present a final project at the beginning of lesson 12. Students are first introduced to the project options during lesson 5, then again in lessons 6 and 11.

	Target	Description
1 Vocabulary	288 vocabulary words	Vocabulary words are introduced and reviewed in many different situations throughout the curriculum.
2 Spelling Patterns	16 spelling patterns	Spelling patterns help students break apart words to understand their meaning and decode new words.
③ Grammar (Conventions)	21 grammar rules	Apply rules of grammar to reading and speech; understand and utilize more complex verb tenses/phrases/clauses.
4 Reading Comprehension	22 reading comprehension skills	Understand and analyze text presented through different genres.
(5) Verbs	120 verbs	Use new verbs in each unit to make discussion and learning richer.

- (1) **Vocabulary**: A body of words used in a particular language. Vocabulary is taught through memorization and prompted with a series of context clues, songs, games, and teacher-led physical actions or activities.
- ② **Spelling Patterns**: Spelling patterns help students decode new words and identify the relationship between letters and sounds.
- (3) **Grammar**: Grammar is the analysis of the structure of a language. Grammar skills help students create sentence structures, understand reading passages, and is the basis for writing. An understanding of grammar gives students the ability to create new sentences without memorizing much like phonics gives students the ability to decode words without having seen them before.
- 4 **Reading Comprehension:** Reading comprehension is the ability to process text, understand its meaning, and integrate it with what the reader already knows. Newly learned vocabulary and background knowledge helps the student understand and make connections while reading.
- (5) **Verbs:** Verbs are the part of language that express action. In English, verbs can be quite tricky as they change form in the present, future, and past tenses. A rich knowledge of verbs enables the speaker or writer to express themselves more clearly and accurately.

VIPKid Curriculum

Learning Objectives in Each Stage /

Level 6 Units 1 - 3

Level 6 Units 4-6

Level 6 Units 7-9

Level 6 Units 10-12

Reading:

Student can identify various text features and explain how they help the reader. Student can read a passage and determine the main idea and supporting details.

Grammar/ Convention Skills:

Student can use the articles "a", "an", and "the" correctly. Various adverbs are studied as well as different types of sentences (simple sentences, compound sentences, complex sentences).

Reading:

Student can analyze characters and discuss their point of view.
Student can make connections to their self, other texts, and/or the world.
Student can recognize and read words with the schwa sound.

Grammar/ Convention Skills:

Student can understand and use similes/metaphors. Students are introduced to coordinating and subordinating conjunctions. Pronoun antecedent agreements are studied as well.

Reading:

Student can analyze problems and solutions as well as make predictions about a text.
Student can read words with the -que and -x sounds.

Grammar/ Convention Skills:

Student can change verbs to nouns by adding -ion. Student can also understand and use regular/irregular nouns and affixes.

Reading:

Student can analyze various plot elements and make inferences about a text.
Student can read words with the -ary, -ory, and -ery sounds.

Grammar/ Convention Skills:

Student can recognize and use indefinite pronouns appropriately. Student can also identify and use adjectives with -ed and -ing.

Level 6 Curriculum Overview

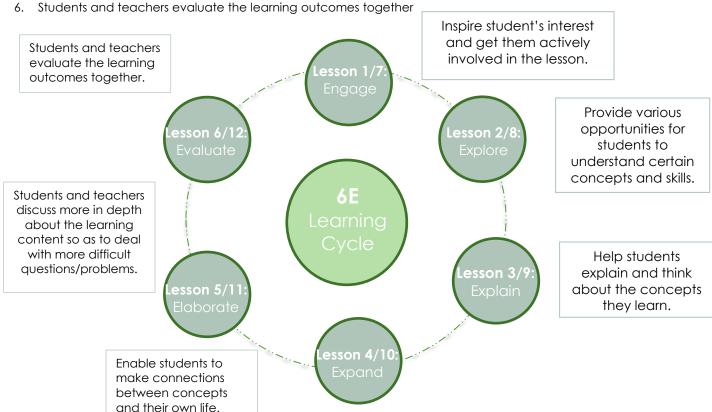
Learning Topics /

Unit	Topic	Unit	Topic
Unit 1	Animal Adaptations	Unit 7	Discovering the Unknown
Unit 2	People and Animals	Unit 8	Solving Mysteries
Unit 3	Holidays Around the World	Unit 9	Changes in Nature
Unit 4	The Season of Giving	Unit 10	Traits, Thoughts, Actions, Feelings
Unit 5	All Kinds of Matter	Unit 11	We Will Rock You
Unit 6	What's the Matter?	Unit 12	Discovering the Americas

6E's Teaching Method/

The 6E's is an adapted model based on an instructional model called the "Five Es" by the Biological Science Curriculum Study (BSCS). This instructional model is student-centered and helps students build their own understanding about new knowledge from their past experience and knowledge. The 6E's represent six stages of a sequence for teaching and learning: Engage, Explore, Explain, Extend, Elaborate and Evaluate. In the VIPKid learning system, the 6E model is applied in the following ways:

- 1. Inspire student's interest and get them actively involved in the lesson.
- 2. Provide various opportunities for students to understand certain concepts and skills
- 3. Help students explain and think the contents they learn.
- 4. Enable students to make connections between concepts and real lives as well as apply what they have learned to the world around them.
- 5. Students and teachers discuss more in depth about the learning content so as to deal with more difficulty questions/problems



Level 6 Additional Skills

Pronunciation

VIPKid students develop excellent pronunciation, as North American accented English is modeled by the foreign teacher each and every class. VIPKid teachers are trained to correct pronunciation in a gentle, effective manner.

Critical Thinking

The VIPKid curriculum purposefully introduces and reviews target content in different situations and contexts. This is to encourage the student to use the learned language, not merely memorize question and answer patterns. VIPKid students have better listening comprehension and speaking skills because they can use their knowledge in many different ways.

Confidence & Real – World Skills

Repeated exposure to native English-speaking teachers of diverse backgrounds plays a huge role in building confidence. By increasing the number of classes a student takes per week and giving the student individualized attention in a 1-on-1 environment, VIPKid students develop the confidence they need to speak English to any type of person.

Research and Application

As the student develops reading fluency and moves from learning to read, to reading to learn, the student begins to apply the new information they learn to the unit topic or learning material. These reading comprehension and application skills are the foundation for research and application – a workplace skill that is irreplaceable throughout all areas of schooling and life.

Presentation and Public Speaking

Presentation and public speaking are life skills that, if not learned early, are difficult for many people. In the global workplace, many presentations and events will be held in a language that is not the speaker's own, which may cause unease and apprehension. At VIPKid, students are expected to present throughout the unit, as well as completing and presenting a final project at the end of each unit as part of their overall assessment score.

Incidental Language

Incidental language is learned through conversation. Because VIPKid teachers are native English speakers, students learn vocabulary and sentence structures through casual conversation. For example, a teacher who encourages a student by saying, "Wonderful!" will soon teacher their student this word as well as the meaning.

Level 6 Achievement

Unit	Topic	Rea	ding Skills	Language Skills		e Skills
	-	Spelling Patterns	Comprehension Strategies	Vocabulary	Verbs	Conventions
Unit 1	Animal Adaptations	Homophones	* Text Features * Context Clues	29 words	*adapt *survive *blend in *hunt *reproduce *swoop *migrate *hibernate *mimic *copy	* Articles
Unit 2	People and Animals	-ge -dge	* Predicting * Summarizing * Main Idea and Details	26 words	*trot *brush *graze *reply *tether *inhabit *summarize *rely *burst *determine	* Adverbs of time * Adverbs of frequency * Adverbs of place * Adverbs of degree * Adverbs of manner
Unit 3	Holidays Around the World	Adding -ion to verbs that end with -ct or -e	* Compare and Contrast * Main Idea and Details	27 words	*appear *vary *wrap * pass down *originate *remind *unify *fast *pray *observe	*Sentence Structure (simple, compound, and complex sentences)
Unit 4	The Season of Giving	Schwa Sound	* Analyze Characters * Identify Character's Point of View * Literal Language * Non-literal Language	27 words	*honor *wonder *jingle *ward off *gaze *believe *reflect *appreciate *bloom *place	* Similes * Metaphors
Unit 5	All Kinds of Matter	Homonyms	* Summarize * Classify Information * Ask and Answer Questions * Context Clues * Cause and Effect	32 words	*consist *pack *observe *study *release *condense *evaporate *freeze *melt *dissolve	* Coordinating Conjunctions * Subordinating Conjunctions

Level 6 Achievement

Unit	Topic	Read	ling Skills		Language Skil	ls
		Spelling Patterns	Comprehension Strategies	Vocabulary	Verbs	Conventions
Unit 6	What's the Matter?	Homo- graphs	* Visualization * Make connections to text, self and world * Solve Problems	22 words	* expect * cheat * suspend * volunteer * discuss * beware * defeat * summon * transform * inspire	Pronoun – Antecedent Agreement
Unit 7	Discovering the Unknown	Change Verbs to Nouns by adding - ion	* Cause and Effect *Sequencing	22 words	* explore * command * sail * prove * treat * trade * complete * guide * purchase * translate	Change Verbs to Nouns by adding -ion
Unit 8	Solving Mysteries	Prefixes	* Predicting * Visualizing * Analyzing Problems * Analyzing Solutions	25 words	* echo * creep * bolt * emerge * explain * lurk * chime * check * interrupt * disappear	Regular/Irregular Nouns
Unit 9	Changes in Nature	-que -x	* Cause and Effect * Fact and Opinion	26 words	* farm * replant * restore * increase * drain * destroy * occur * affect * estimate * spread	Affixes

Level 6 Achievement

Unit	Topic	Read	ding Skills		Language Skil	ls
	-	Spelling Patterns	Comprehension Strategies	Vocabulary	Verbs	Conventions
Unit 10	Traits, Thoughts, Actions, Feelings	Compound Words	* Analyze Characters * Analyze Plot * Predict * Infer	25 words	* scurry * quiver * complain * tuck * permeate * join * stretch * imagine * enjoy * decide	Indefinite Pronouns
Unit 11	We Will Rock You	* -ery * -ory * -ary	* Connecting to Prior Knowledge * Main Idea & Details	28 words	* retain * support * layer * create * break down * erode * mine * deposit * form * compact	Adjectives with - ed, -ing Adverbs
Unit 12	Discovering the Americas	Review of previous spelling patterns	Review of previous comprehension strategies	26 words	* settle * drag * glance * stalk * prepare * befriend * attract * long for * emerge * depend on	Review of previous conventions

Unit 1: Animal Adaptations

- Domain: Reading
- Unit Topic: Animal Adaptations
- Subtopic 1: Structural Adaptations
- Subtopic 2: Behavioral Adaptations

Reading Skills /-

Reading Skills	
* Text Features - Illustration - Photograph - Caption - Title	1.) De anima adap 2.) De
* Context Clues	an an cama 3.) Wr how a
	* Text Features - Illustration - Photograph - Caption - Title

Project Options

animal's structure adaptations
2.) Describe how an animal uses camouflage
3.) Write about how an animal migrates.

Vocabulary		Grammar Conventions
adaptation structural survive adapt characteristic school photograph illustration adapt survive hunt camouflage invisible blend in title	caption predator prey hunt reproduce reflex mimic copy carnivore herbivore omnivore swoop nocturnal hibernate	Articles * a * an * the * zero article

Unit 2: People and Animals

- Domain: Reading
- Unit Topic: People and Animals Subtopic 2: Extreme Animals
- Subtopic 1: An Animal to Ride

Reading Skills /

Spelling Patterns	Reading Skills
-ge	* Predicting
* barge * wage	* Summarizing
* orange	* Main Idea and Details
-dge * bridge	
* badge * fridge	
* porridge	

Project Options

Vocabulary		Grammar Conventions	
enormous thoroughbred brush chapter topic saddle eventually stable gingerly graze tether stirrup coral trot reply extreme deception snout	transparent tentacle rely determine inhabit flipper decibel burst	Adverbs of Time * Today * Since * Now * Finally Adverbs of Frequency * Usually * Never * Rarely Adverbs of Degree * Barely * Quite * Hardly Adverbs of Manner * Fast * Angrily * Gingerly	

Unit 3: Holidays Around the World

- Domain: Social Studies
- Unit Topic: Holidays Around World
- Subtopic 1: Christmas & Hanukkah
- Subtopic 2: Kwanzaa & Ramadan

Reading Skills /

Spelling Patt	erns	Reading Skills
Verbs ending with	Drop – d, add -ion	* Compare and Contrast
-ct, add -ion	*extend/extension	
*action	*pretend/pretension	* Main Idea and Details
*collection *correction	*ascend/ascension *distend/distension	
*prediction	aisteria/aisterisiori	
•	Drop -te, add ion	
Drop -e, add -ion	*decorate/decoration	
*precise/precision	*generate/generation	

Project Options

1.) Make a booklet about your favorite holiday
2.) Write a story about a holiday you like to celebrate
3.) Create a poster with holiday pictures

Vocabula	Grammar Conventions
Hanukkah Kwanzaa herita Ramadan unify subtitle remii pass down kinar vary faith appear Islam support Musli tradition obse ornament gene wrap pray religion fast Jewish menorah originate	Independent/Dependent Clauses Simple Sentences Compound Sentences Complex Sentences * Independent clause + Conjunction + dependent clause

Unit 4: The Season of Giving

- Domain: Reading
- Unit Topic: The Season of Giving Subtopic 2: Season's Wishes
- Subtopic 1: Happy Holidays

Reading Skills /-

Spelling Patterns	Reading Skills	Project Options
Schwa Sound with A and E *Christmas * Kwanzaa * Hanukkah * festival * menorah * transparent * talent * celebrate	 * Analyze Characters * Identify Character's Point of View * Literal Language * Non-literal Language 	 Write a poem about your favorite holiday. Use similes to describe two of your family members. Make a fir tree and write a story about it.

Vocabulary		Grammar Conventions
sleigh carol jingle poem simile miracle glory rhyme peace joy painful honor metaphor connection	forest woodcutter breeze suddenly dim glorious actually confused believe place reflect appreciate bloom	* As fast as lightning * As blind as a bat * Fighting like cats and dogs * Ate like a horse Metaphors * Is a shining star * Has a heart of gold * Is a beautiful rose * Is a snail

Unit 5: All Kinds of Matter

- Domain: Science
- Unit Topic: All Kinds of Matter
- Subtopic 1: Properties of Matter
- Subtopic 2: Changes in Matter

Reading Skills /

Spelling F	Patterns	Reading Skills
Homonyms * park * saw * fly * bat * light	Homonyms * letter * spring * left * last * well	* Summarize * Classify Information * Ask and Answer Questions
* ring	* hard	* Context Clues * Cause and Effect

Project Options

Create a poster describing the three states of matter.
 Do an experiment to show how water changes states.
 Create a mixture or solution

Vocabulary		Grammar Conventions
information consist pack observe study release matter atom gas state molecule substance element property dissolve freeze	magma lava physical change vapor mixture solution chemical change appearance melt evaporate condense context cause effect	Coordinating Conjunctions * and * but * nor * or * so * for * yet Subordinating Conjunctions * before * after * while * when * because * if * until * unless

Unit 6: What's the Matter?

- Domain: Reading
- Unit Topic: What's the Matter?
- Subtopic 1: Let's Solve Problems
- Subtopic 2: Real Life Problems in Fairy Tales

Reading Skills /

0 III D I		D 11 01 111
Spelling Pat	terns	Reading Skills
Homographs * desert * lead * produce * concert	Homographs * close * live * content * minute	* Visualization* Make connections to text, self and World
* refuse * address * compound * present	* bass * bow	* Solve Problems

Project Options

- 1.) Compare and contrast yourself with two different characters.
- 2.) Write a letter to one of the characters from the stories.
- 3.) Write a story about yourself and a fantasy character.

Vocabulary		Grammar Conventions
integrity calculation disappointment relationship studious reason expect cheat suspend volunteer discuss	quest villain daring enchanted wonder treasure beware defeat summon transform inspire	Pronoun – Antecedent Agreement

Unit 7: Discovering the Unknown

- Domain: Social Studies
- Unit Topic: Discovering the Unknown
- Subtopic 1: Discoveries on Water
- Subtopic 2: Discoveries on Land

Reading Skills ,

Spelling Patterns	Reading Skills
Change Verbs to Nouns by adding -ion	* Cause and Effect
* Words that end with -ct * Words that end with -e	* Sequencing
* Words that end with -ss * Words that end with -ce	
* Words that end with -ne * Words that end with -re	
* Words that end with -ve * Words that end with -se	

Project Options

1.) Research either Zheng He or Columbus. Write about the explorer's voyages.
2.) Draw two pictures about an explorer.
3.) Write a report about an explorer and a famous voyage

Vocabulary		Grammar Conventions
native explore command sail prove treat scurvy compass voyage crew explorer journey	secretary trade complete guide purchase translate president route territory interpreter	Quantifiers * some * any * a little * a few * a lot of * plenty of * enough

Unit 8: Solving Mysteries

- Domain: Reading
- Unit Topic: Solving Mysteries
- Subtopic 1: Exploring New Places
- Subtopic 2: Detective Work

Reading Skills /

Spelling Patterns	Reading Skills
Prefixes * uni- * bi- * tri- * semi- * multi- * hemi-	* Predicting* Visualizing* Analyzing Problems* Analyzing Solutions

Project Options

Write a new ending for "The Mystery of the Native American Treasure".
 Research a real mystery and write about it.
 Write about how to solve a mystery.

Vocabulary		Grammar Conventions
passage echo creep bolt emerge explain gorge figure chamber encounter fork random intense	urgently mandatory concerned calamity prowler plank woodworking lurk chime check interrupt disappear	Regular Nouns * Adding -s * Adding -es * Adding -ies Irregular Nouns * man/men * goose/geese * woman/women * child/children * foot/feet * mouse/mice * person/people * sheep/sheep * deer/deer * bison/bison * cactus/cacti * octopus/octopi * abacus/abaci

Unit 9: Changes in Nature

- Domain: Science

- Unit Topic: Changes in Nature

- Subtopic 1: Changes Caused by People

- Subtopic 2: Changes Caused by Nature

Reading Skills /-

Spelling Patterns	Reading Skills
-que * boutique	* Cause and Effect
* oblique * bisque	* Fact and Opinion
* antique * physique * unique	
-X	
* relax * fox	
* wax * six * box	
* fix	

Project Options

Create a story about how the Native Americans taught the settlers.
 Create a poster supporting agriculture.
 Make a cause and effect poster about wildfires.

Vocabulary		Grammar Conventions
deforestation farm replant restore increase drain agriculture supply careless balance competition fertilize harmful	ash destroy occur estimate earthquake tsunami eruption affect spread ice age extinct fossils drain	Affixes * de-, * -ness * -less * -iC * dis- * -al

Unit 10: Traits, Thoughts, Actions, Feelings

- Domain: Reading

- Unit Topic: Traits, Thoughts,
Actions, Feelings

- Subtopic 1: Describing

Characters

- Subtopic 2: What's My Next

Move?

Reading Skills

Spelling Patterns	Reading Skills	
Compound Words With:	* Analyze Characters	
* every-		
* any –	* Analyze Plot	
* no-		
* super-	* Predict	
* black-		
* horse-	* Infer	
* sun-		
* good-		

Project Options

1.) Compare and contrast the traits, feelings, thoughts, and actions of two characters.

Create a fictional character.

3.) Write a onepage fantasy story about your life as a superhero.

Vocabulary			nmar entions
athletic ballet champions concentration gracefully permission excursion dilemma join stretch imagine enjoy decide	aroma quiver terrible groceries impatiently magic mischievous exiled scurry fantasy routine complain	Indefinite Pronor * everybody * everyone * everything * everywhere * anybody * anything * anyone * anywhere * someone * somebody * several	* nobody * no one * nothing * nowhere * each * both * none * some * few * many

Unit 11: We Will Rock You

- Domain: Science
- Unit Topic: We Will Rock You
- Subtopic 1: The Rock Cycle
- Subtopic 2: Soil

Reading Skills /

Spelling Patterns	Reading Skills
-ery * fishery * greenery * trickery	* Connecting to Prior Knowledge * Main Idea & Details
* creamery -ory * directory	
* accessory -ary * stationary	
* revolutionary * missionary	

Project Options

1.) Make a picture book about the three types of rocks.
2.) Make a sign for a rock by labeling type of rock you think it is.
3.) Create a poster showing the different layers of soil. Describe each layer.

Vocabulary		Grammar Conventions
weathering erosion erode deposit form compact mine igneous rock metamorphic rock sedimentary rock pressure obsidian crystal	topsoil retain support layer subsoil bedrock loam humus gravel clay silt create break down	Adjectives with -ed, -ing Adverbs * too * either * too many * too much

Unit 12: Discovering the Americas

- Domain: Social Studies

- Unit Topic: Discovering the

Americas

- Subtopic 1: Canada

- Subtopic 2: Chile

Reading Skills

Spelling Patterns

- * Adding -ion to verbs
- * Prefixes (semi-, hemi-, multi-)
- * Special Consonants
 - * -que
 - * -X
 - * ck
- * Compound Words
- * Homonyms/Homographs/ Homophones
- * -ge/-dge

Reading Skills

- * Main Idea and Details
- * Similes and Metaphors
- * Sequencing Events
- * Cause and Effect
- * Analyzing Characters

Project Options

- 1.) Write a tolktale
- 2.) Write a research report
- 3.) Draw a map of Chile and include pictures of things you like about the country.

Vocabulary		Grammar Conventions	
grizzly bear stalk prepare bison moose caribou beaver longhouse mammoth settle drag grateful glance	indigenous condor emerge myth puma befriend folklore fauna pudu attract forever long for depend on	Articles (a, an, the, zero article) Sentence Structure * Simple Sentence * Compound Sentence * Complex Sentence Antecedents and Pronouns Adverbs Quantifiers	